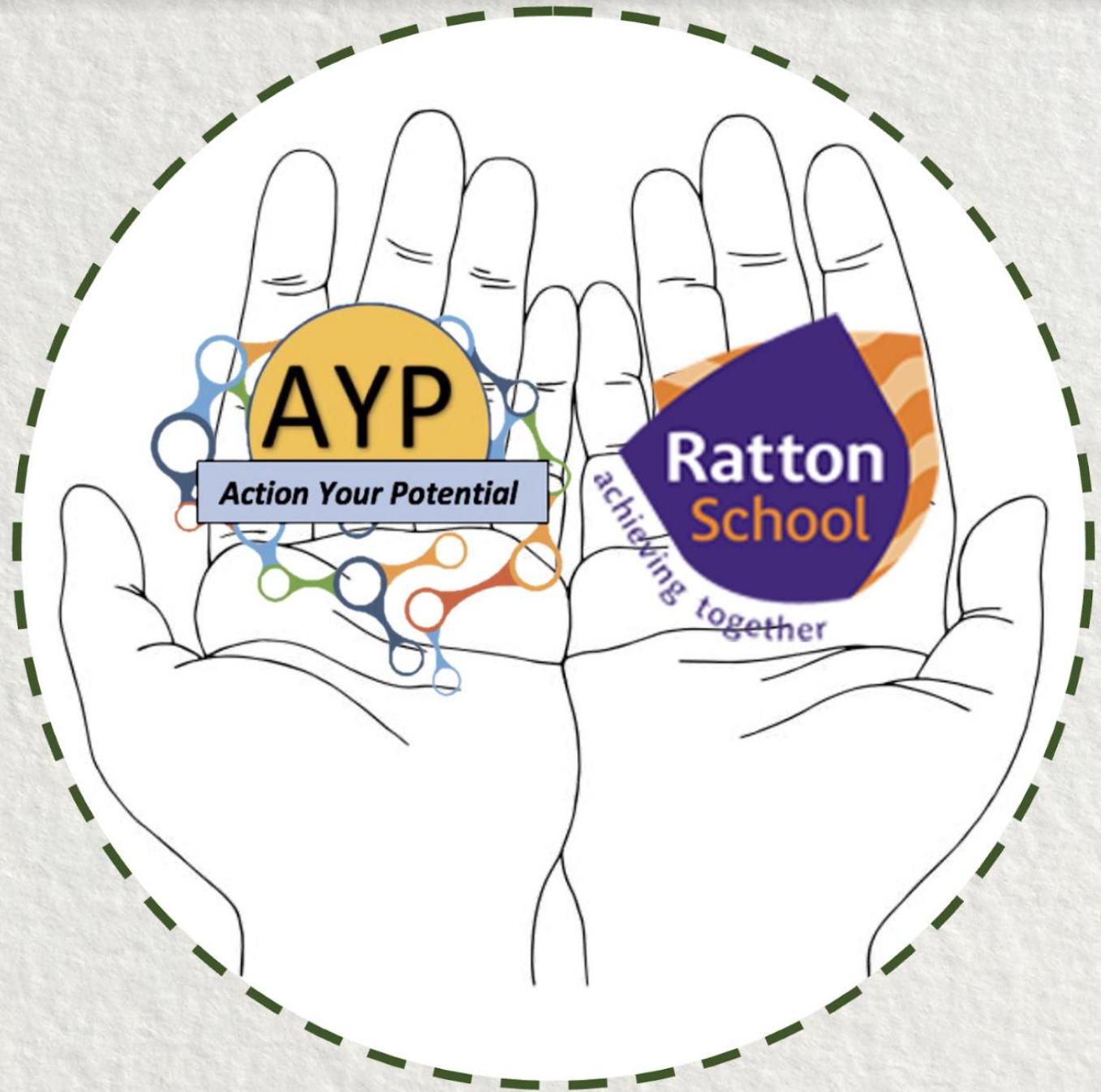


AYP support for  
Ratton School students,  
parents & carers...





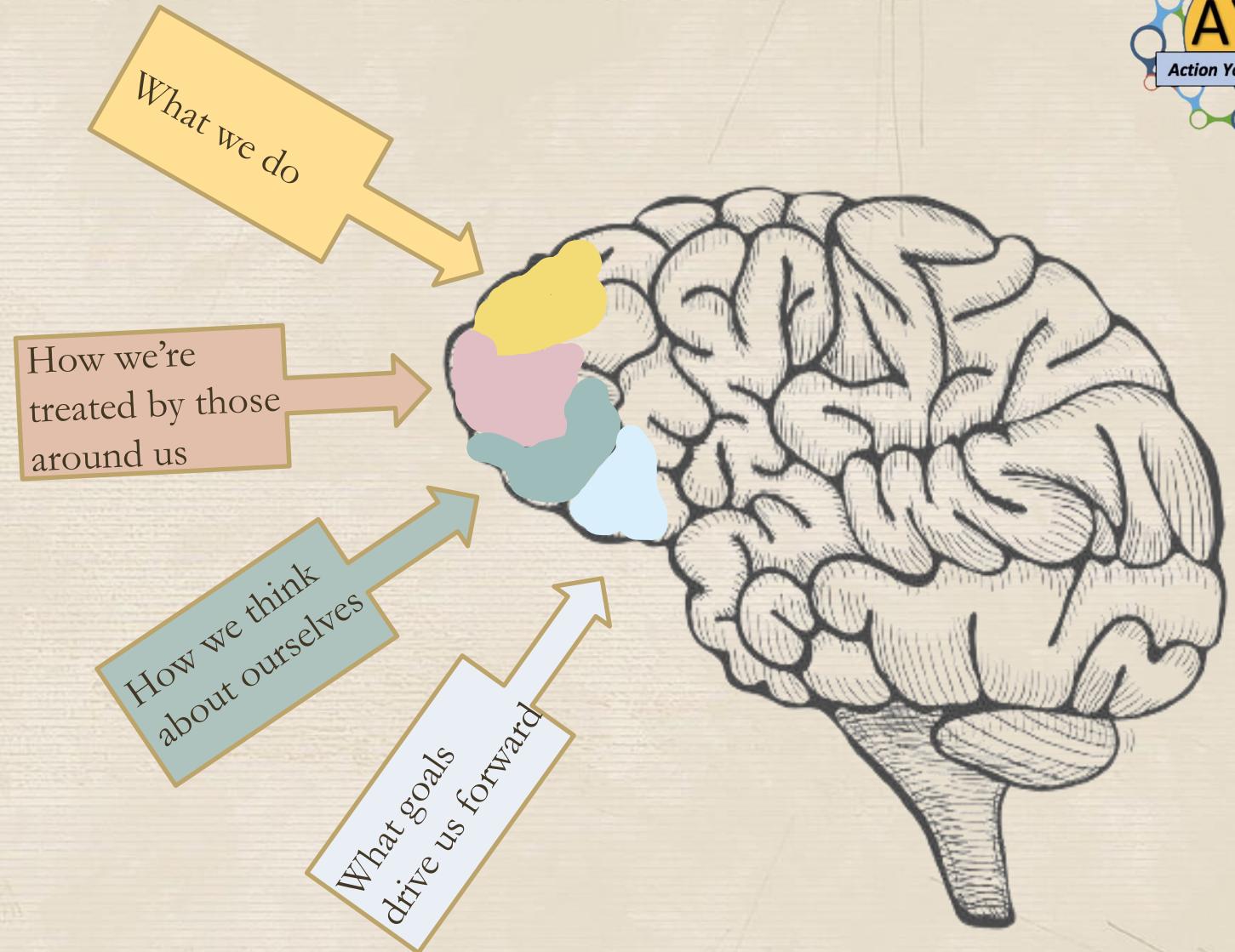
# Change Your Brain

# Change Your Mind

# Change Your

We sculpt the prefrontal cortex of our brains, building models of feeling, thinking and behaviours to respond to the world...

We do that on the basis of...



#NeuroNinja's understand that we are all sculptures of our brain's neural architecture

What are you good at?



What do you need to  
improve on?

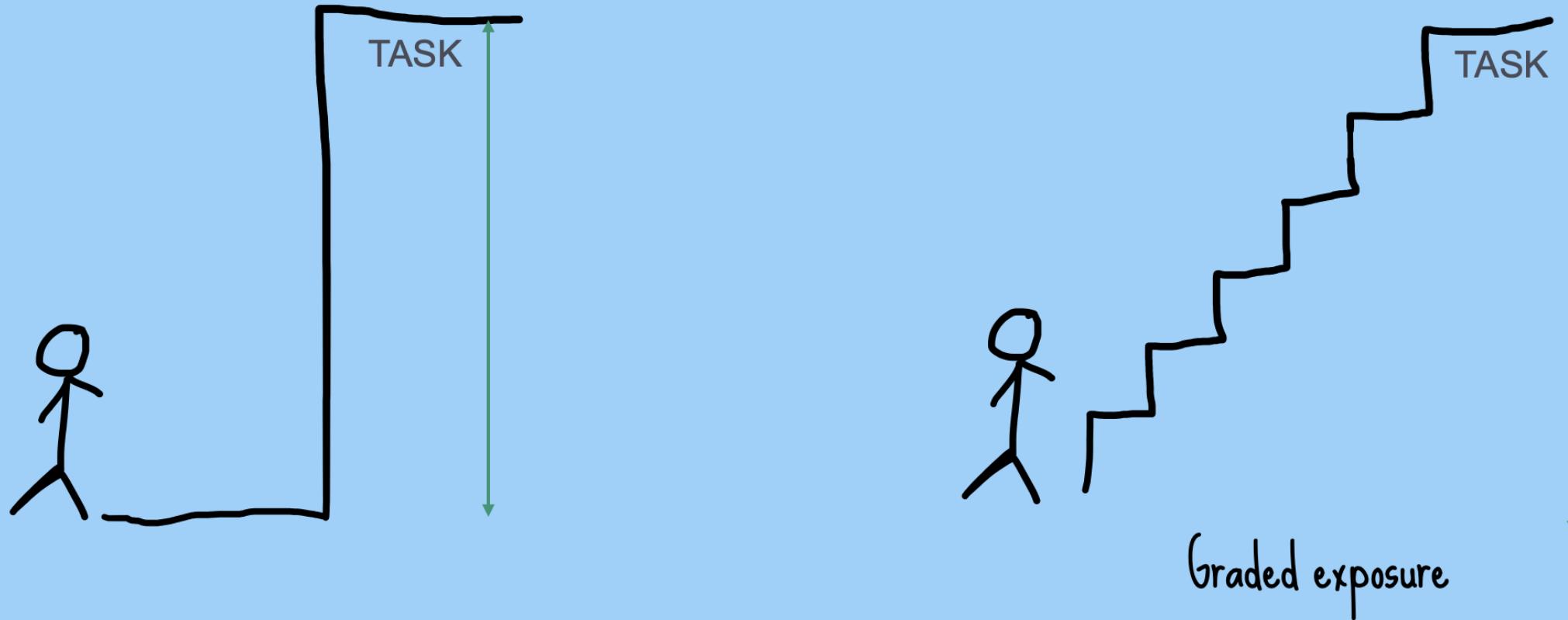


# Without a plan

Vs

# With a plan

...



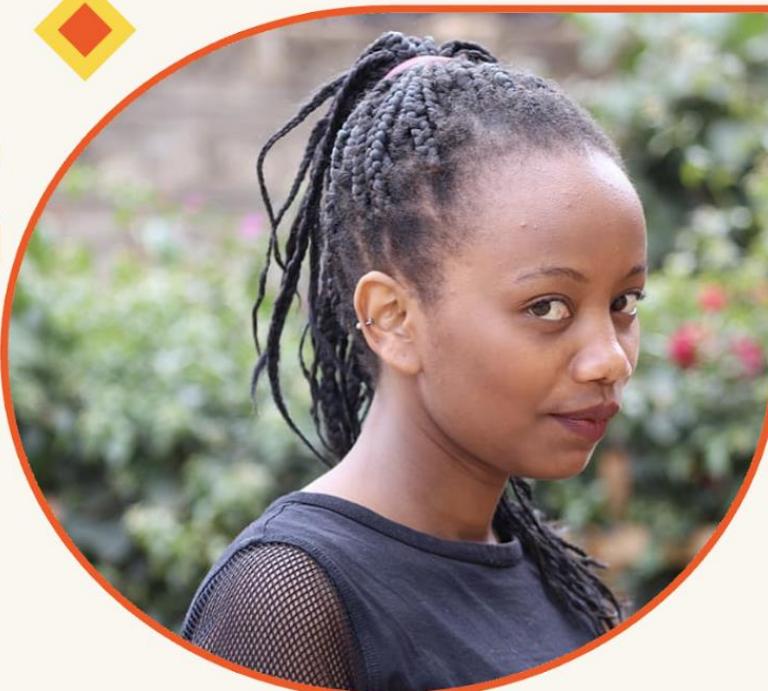
If you don't do graded response the future is  
going to be...



GCSE's

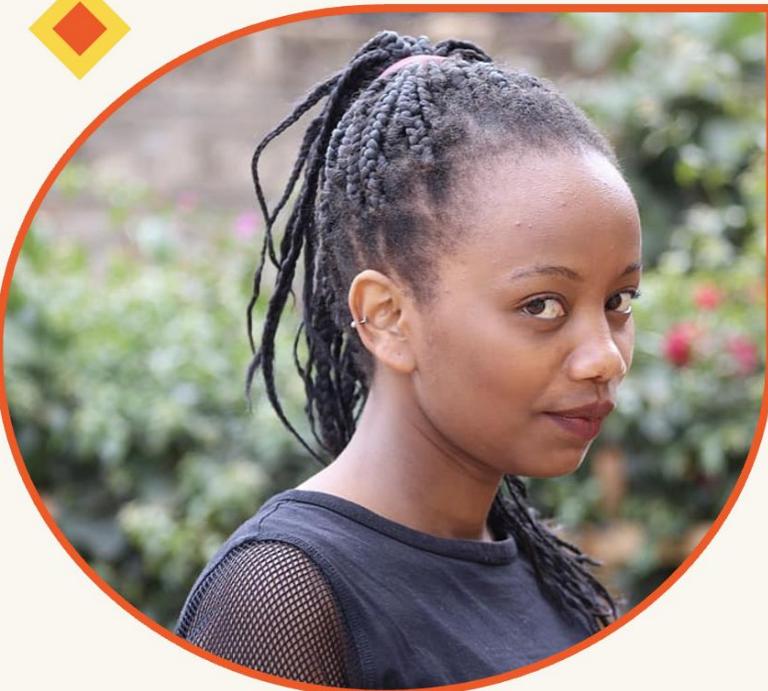


# Let's meet Almasi...15 years old



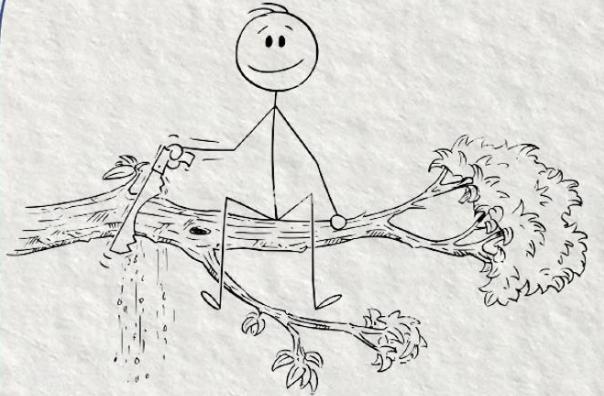
- ▶ 8-year-old brother with epilepsy and ASC, helps her mum look after him.
- ▶ Dad is away in Kenya earning money as a construction worker
- ▶ She wants to be an international lawyer and needs to get good grades in her GCSE's so she can do the A levels to achieve that

# Barriers for Almasi



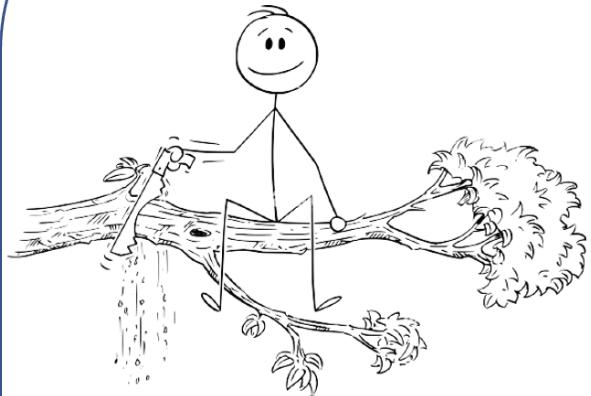
- ▶ Low Mood
- ▶ Feeling overwhelmed
- ▶ No Plan
- ▶ Falling behind
- ▶ Struggling to achieve the grades she needs
- ▶ Distracted
- ▶ Procrastinating

# How do you get in your own way?



I keep procrastinating  
I'm always tired  
I get distracted all the time  
I make a plan and never follow it

# How do you get in your own way?

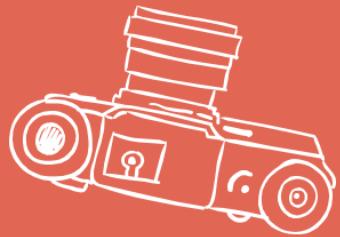
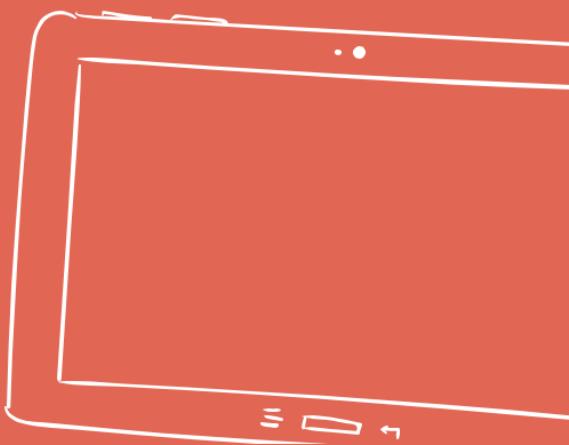


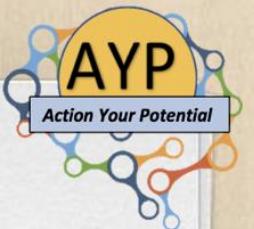
# KS4 Learning Routines - each day

1. Study Capture (5 mins)
2. Flash Cards (5 mins)
3. Mind Map Build / Review ( 5mins)
4. Effortful Subjects (10 mins)



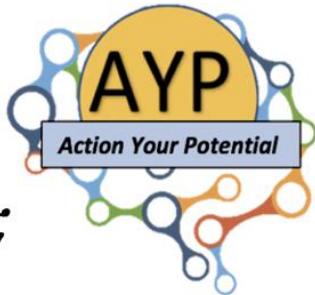
# I - Study Capture





# The Study Capture Sheet

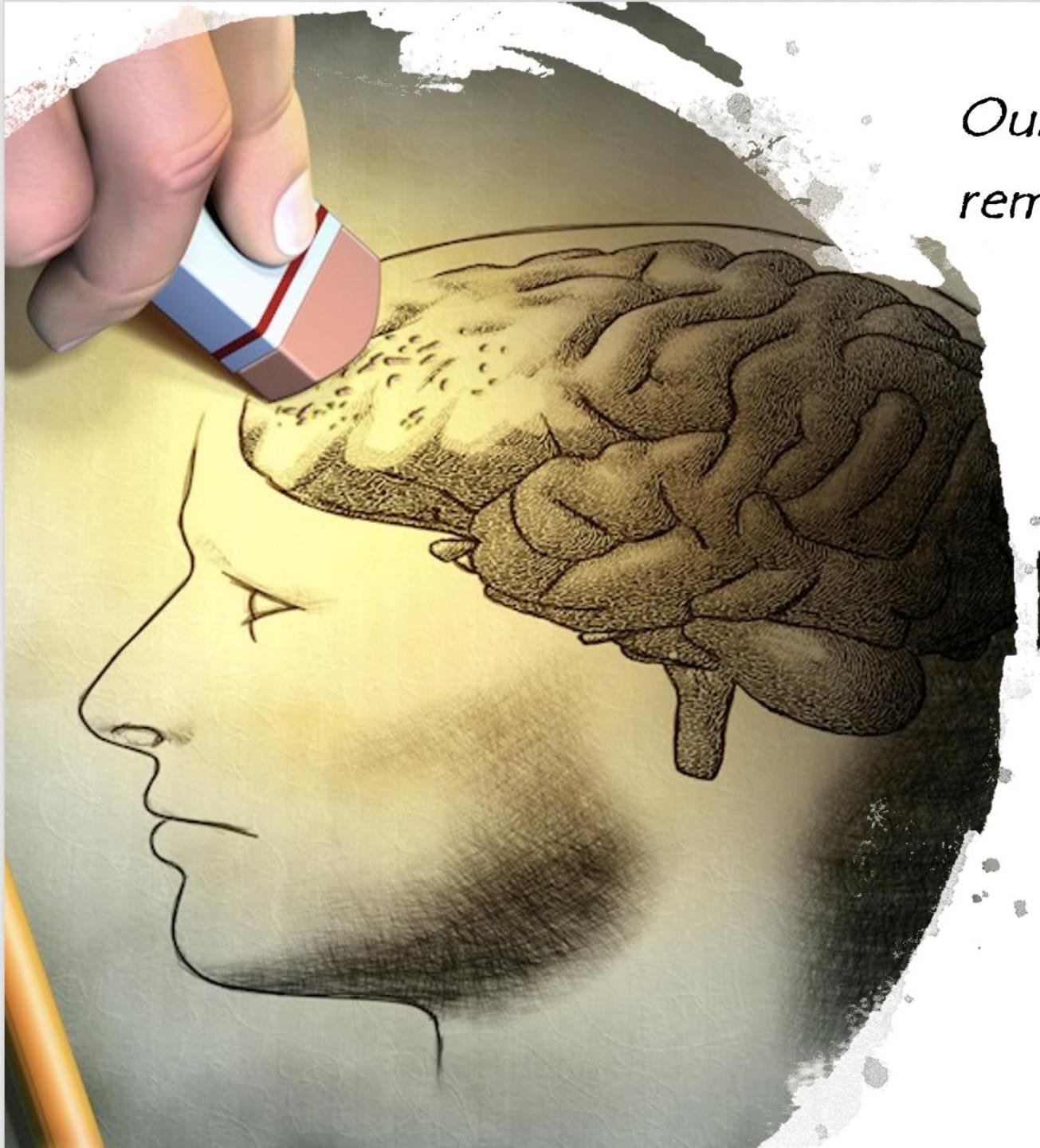
Subject	Topic	Key Idea	Key Words	Rating



Our Brain finds it easiest to remember information that is;

1. Dangerous to us
2. Salient (Interesting to us)
3. Repeated

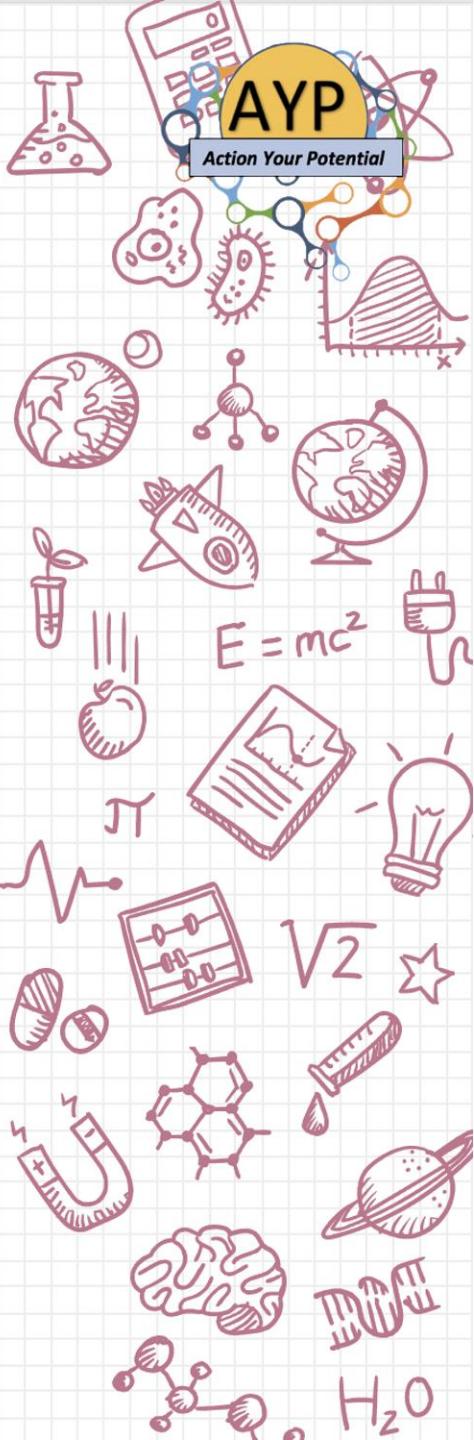
So...If you don't repeat, your brain will delete...



# Study Revolution: What is the best way to revise?



Unleashing Learning



AYP

Action Your Potential

# How does learning work at the level of the brain?

Learning is a process, not an event, learning is;



1 Getting it - (Understanding what you have heard)



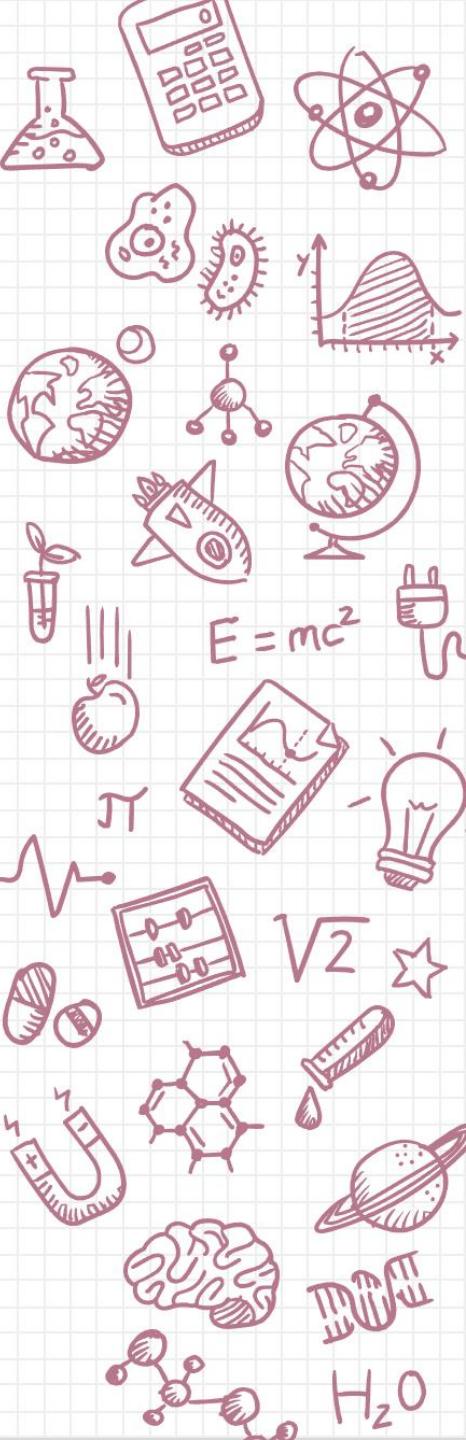
2 Practicing it - (Encoding it in the brain)



3 Using it - (Applying the new learning)

# Study Revolution:

Taking Responsibility  
for What You Know  
Using Study Reps

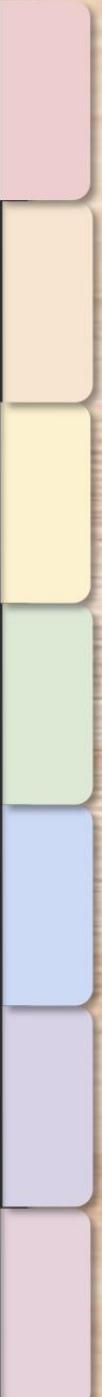




# What is a study rep?

repetition

A carefully designed study slot  
that works with the memory and  
learning systems of our brains to  
achieve maximum impact for  
learning, understanding and recall





# What is a study rep?

repetition

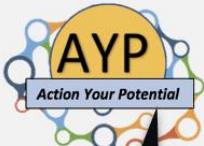
A carefully designed study slot that works with the memory and learning systems of our brains to achieve maximum impact for learning, understanding and recall

## Key attitudes for study reps

Grit: Keep going

Attention: 1 thing at a time

Focus: Don't get distracted internally or externally



# What is a study rep?

repetition

A carefully designed study slot that works with the memory and learning systems of our brains to achieve maximum impact for learning, understanding and recall

## ~~Key attitudes for study reps~~

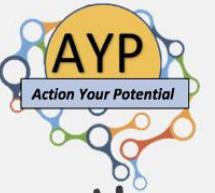
Grit: Keep going

Attention: 1 thing at a time

Focus: Don't get distracted internally or externally

Attitude: Can do

Mode: Taking responsibility

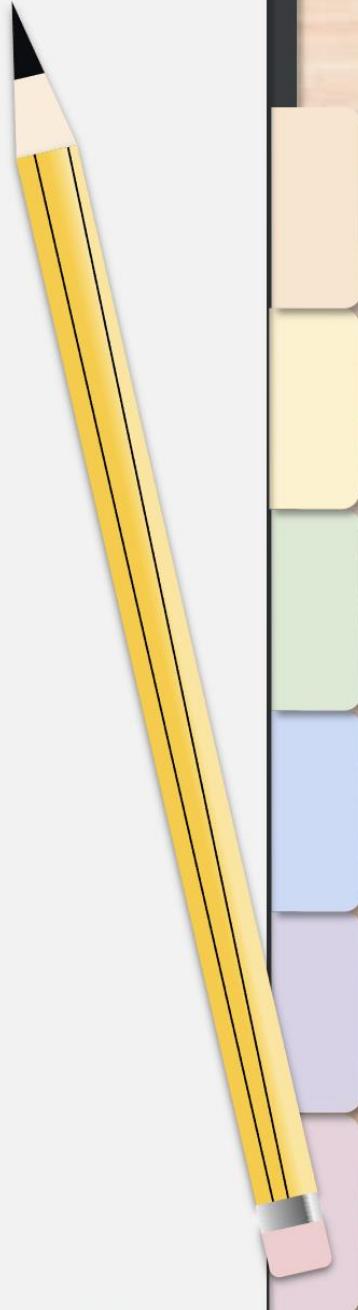


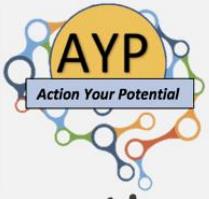
How long should a study rep  
take?

→ 25 mins

10 min break

↑  
Be active during





How long should a study rep take?

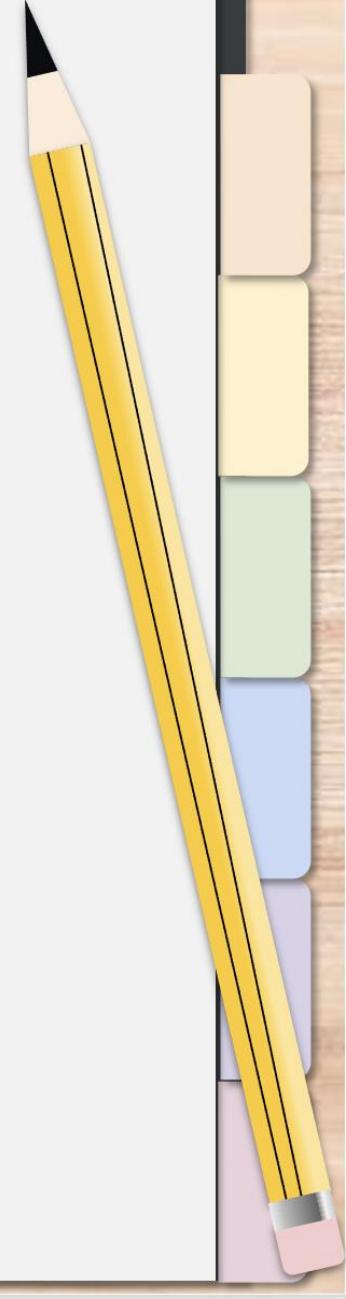
→ 25 mins

10 min break

Be active during

3 kinds of reps...

① Learning - for learning & understanding





AYP  
Action Your Potential

How long should a study rep  
take?

→ 25 mins

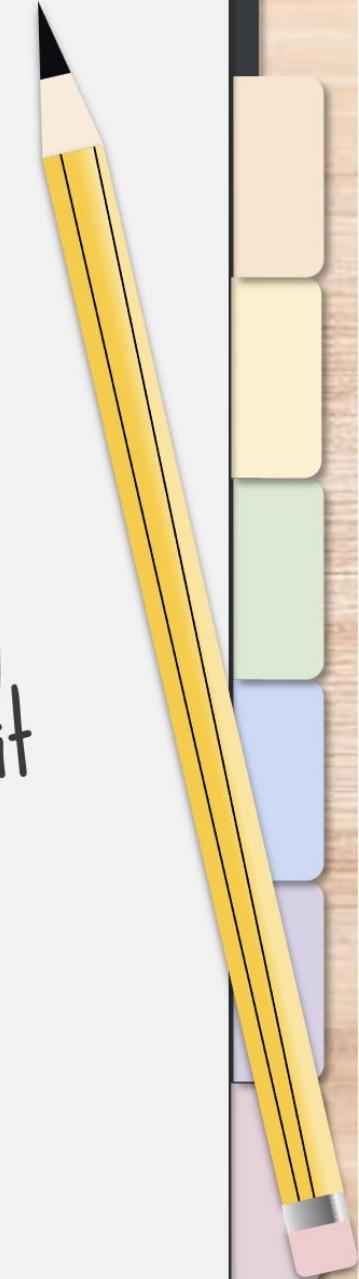
10 min break

Be active during

3 kinds of reps...

① Learning - for learning &  
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② Practice - for practicing  
knowledge and encoding it





How long should a study rep take?

→ 25 mins

10 min break

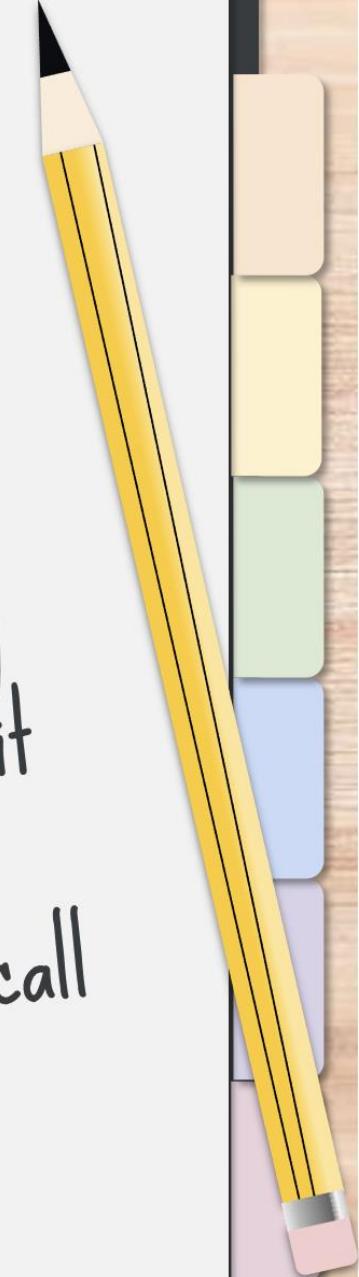
Be active during

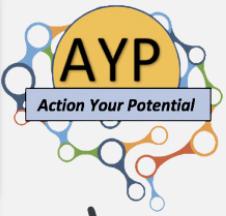
3 kinds of reps...

① Learning - for learning & understanding

② Practice - for practicing knowledge and encoding it

③ Testing - for testing recall and applying knowledge





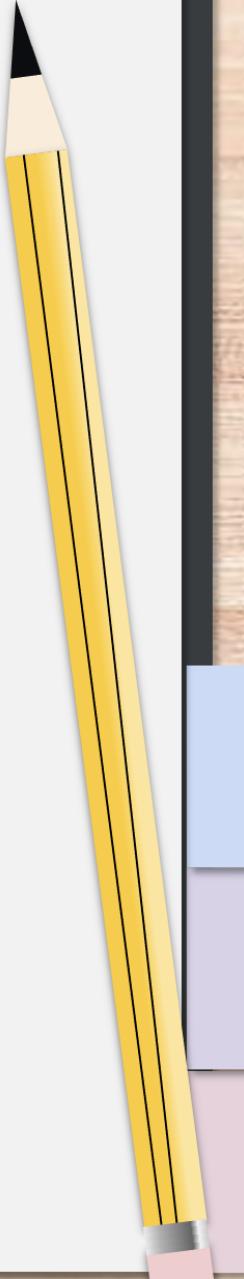
# Learning rep - example

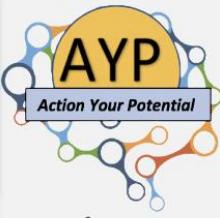
Topic: Transpiration

What do I know about this topic?

- Something to do with plants
- Water moving through plants
- Xylem???
- Holes in the leaf - st...!!!

5 mins





# Learning rep - example

Topic: Transpiration

What do I know about this topic?

- Something to do with plants
- Water moving through plants
- Xylem???
- Holes in the leaf - st...!!!

5 mins



Study the  
resource

10 mins



Summarise, mind map or flashcards



Translocation: Movement of food (glucose dissolved in water) around the plant



Phloem: Tubes that run through the plant with pores at each end, allowing cell sap (a sugary syrup) to get around the plant to feed all of the cells



Transpiration: Water travelling up the plant inside xylem vessels



Water molecules are sticky because they have positive and negative end

10 mins



Transpiration stream: When a water molecule falls out of the hole in the leaf (stoma) it drags the next one behind it



Stoma: Holes in leaf (most in bottom) - plural stomata

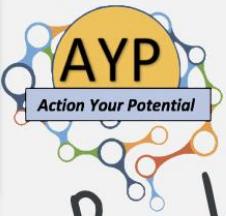


Factors affecting transpiration: Humidity, air flow, temperature, light intensity





Sub



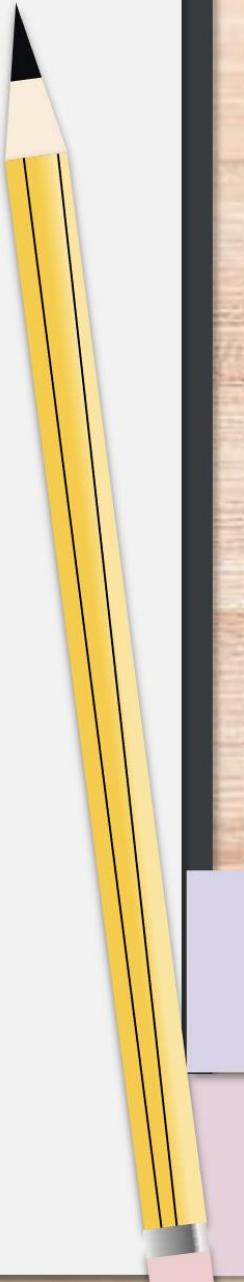
# Practice rep - example

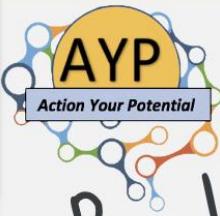
Topic: Transpiration

What are the key ideas?

- Translocation
- Phloem
- Transpiration stream
- Stoma
- Humidity, air flow, temperature, light intensity

5 mins





# Practice rep - example

Topic: Transpiration

What are the key ideas?

- Translocation
- Phloem
- Transpiration stream
- Stoma

5 mins

Make flashcards, mind map  
or summary notes

15 mins

Translocation: Movement of food  
(glucose dissolved in water) around  
the plant

Phloem: Tubes that run through the  
plant with pores at each end, allowing  
cell sap (a sugary syrup) to get around  
the plant to feed all of the cells

Transpiration: Water travelling up the  
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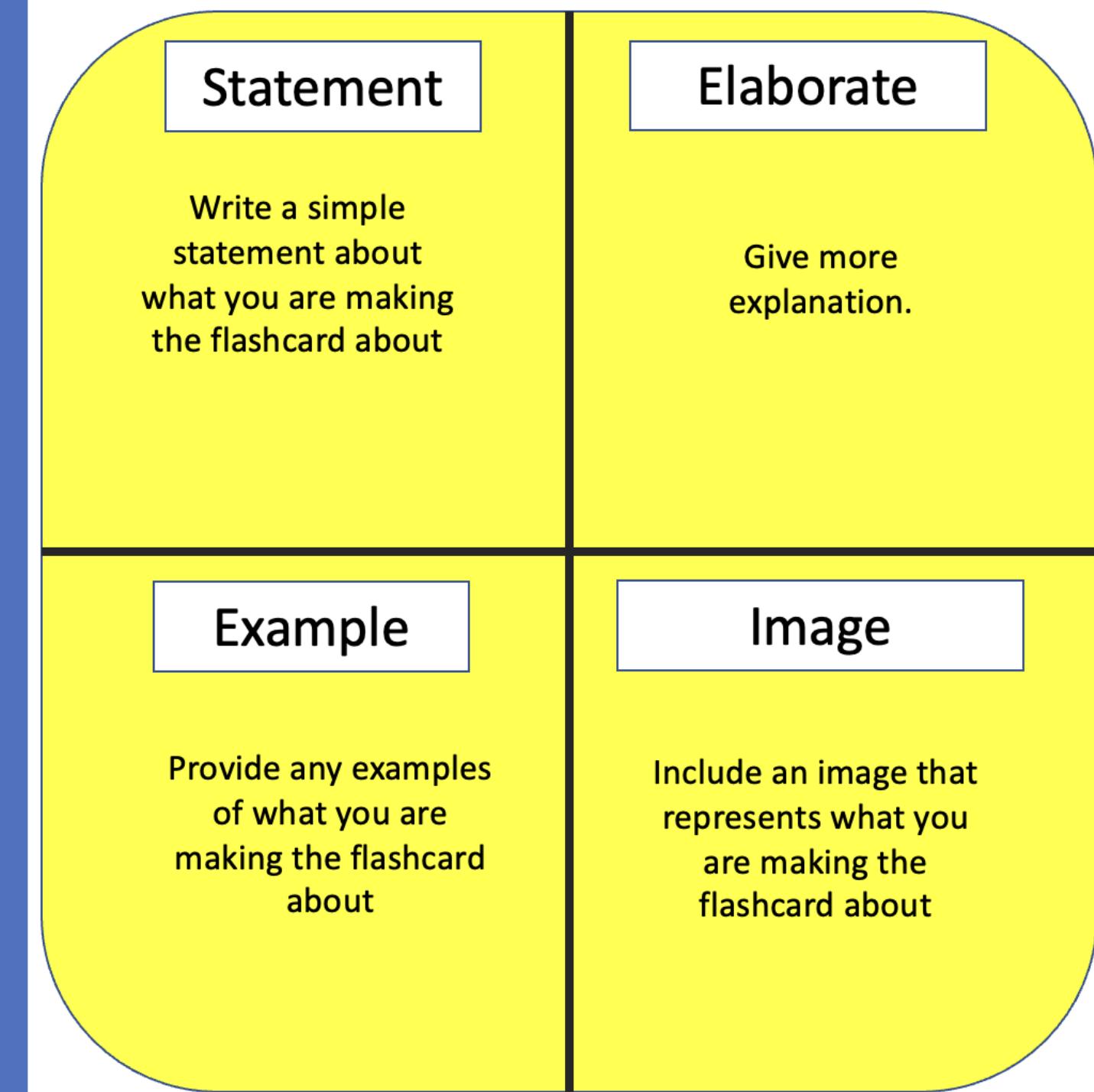
Transpiration stream: When a water  
molecule falls out of the hole in the  
leaf (stoma) it drags the next one  
behind it

Stoma: Holes in leaf (most in  
bottom) - plural stomata

Read through  
5 mins

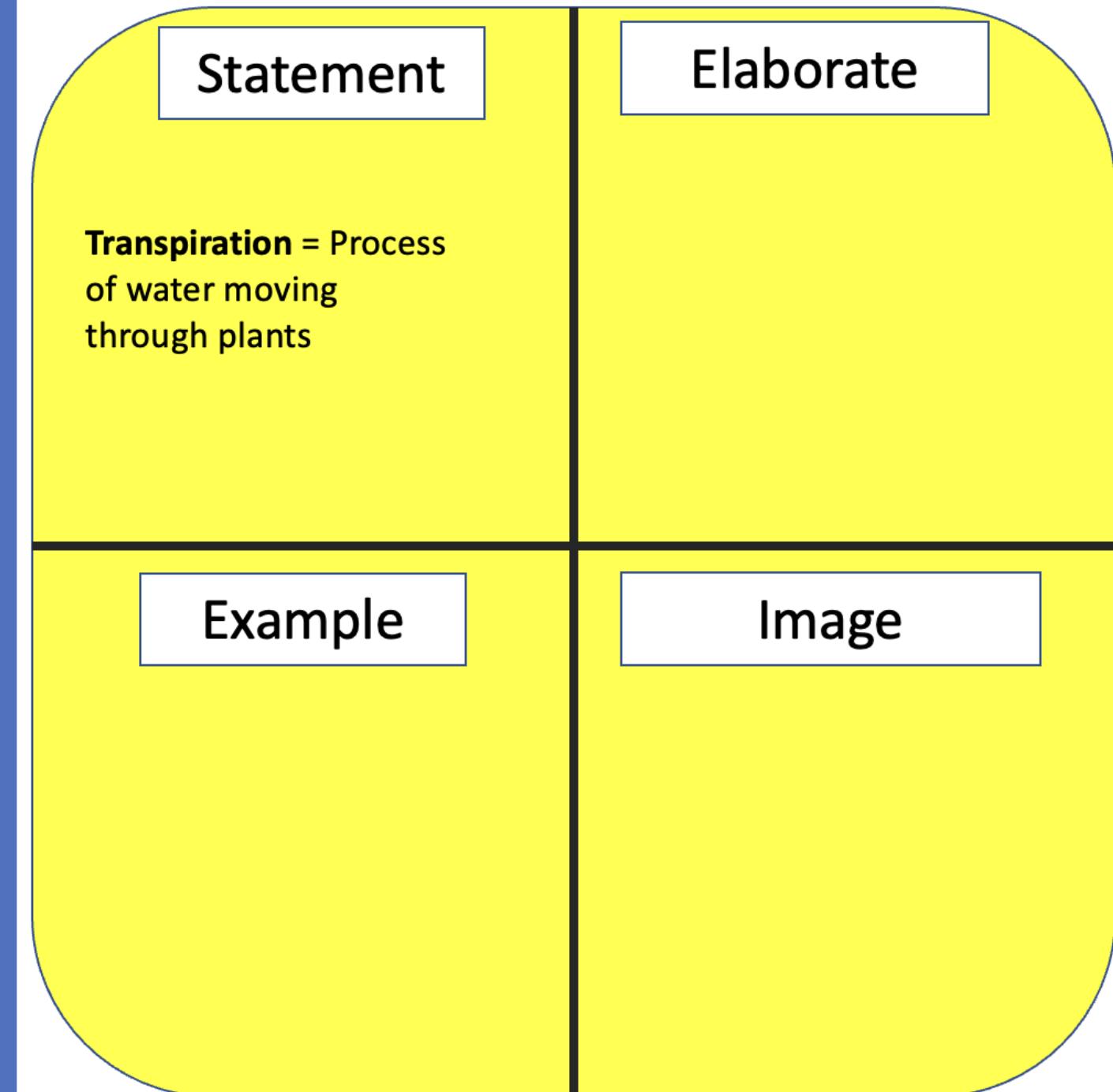


# Frayer Flash cards





# Frayer Flash cards



# Frayer Flash cards

## Statement

**Transpiration** = Process of water moving through plants

## Elaborate

**Transpiration** = Water moves into plant roots through osmosis and into the XYLEM vessels. Some water moves up the xylem by CAPILLARITY. However, it is the evaporation of water through the stomata in leaves that drives the movement of water through xylem. Water molecules 'stick' together in long columns and as water evaporates it pulls the water column to the leaf.

## Example

## Image

# Frayer Flash cards

## Statement

**Transpiration** = Process of water moving through plants

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## Example

Add a coloured dye to the water in a celery stick and over the next day the the dye will colour the stem and the leaves of the celery



## Image

# Frayer Flash cards

## Statement

**Transpiration** = Process of water moving through plants

## Elaborate

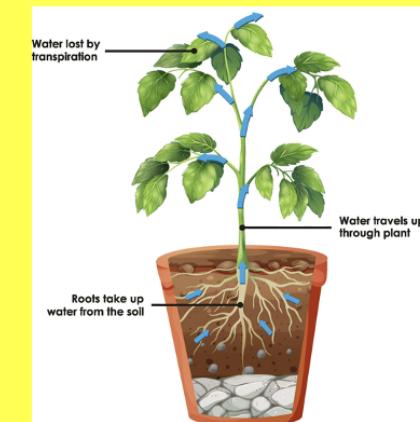
**Transpiration** = Water moves into plant roots through osmosis and into the XYLEM vessels. Some water moves up the xylem by CAPILLARITY. However, it is the evaporation of water through the stomata in leaves that drives the movement of water through xylem. Water molecules 'stick' together in long columns and as water evaporates it pulls the water column to the leaf.

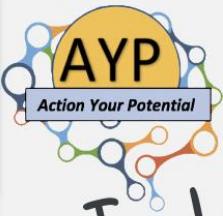
## Example

Add a coloured dye to the water in a celery stick and over the next day the the dye will colour the stem and the leaves of the celery



## Image





Testing rep - example



Topic: Transpiration

Find the past paper question and  
mark scheme

5 mins



Have a go at the question

15 mins

### Question

Define both translocation and transpiration. Include the names of vessels involved in your answer. **[2 marks]**



Explain the effect of increasing air temperature on the rate of transpiration in a plant. **[2 marks]**



### Question

Describe the conditions that increase the rate of transpiration. **[4 marks]**

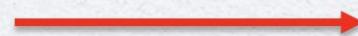


Use the mark scheme to add  
what was missed.

5 mins

# Which Rep do I do?

Don't understand or don't remember the topic



Learning Rep

Understand, but key concepts are hazy



Practice Rep

Understand, and remember pretty well



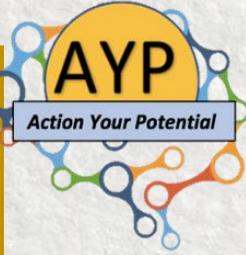
Testing Rep

Reps per day

## GCSE Confidence Chart



Subject	Grade You Want	Grade Stretch Goal	Current Confidence level	Rep Spend
English Lang				
English Lit				
Maths				
Bio				
Chem				
Phys				

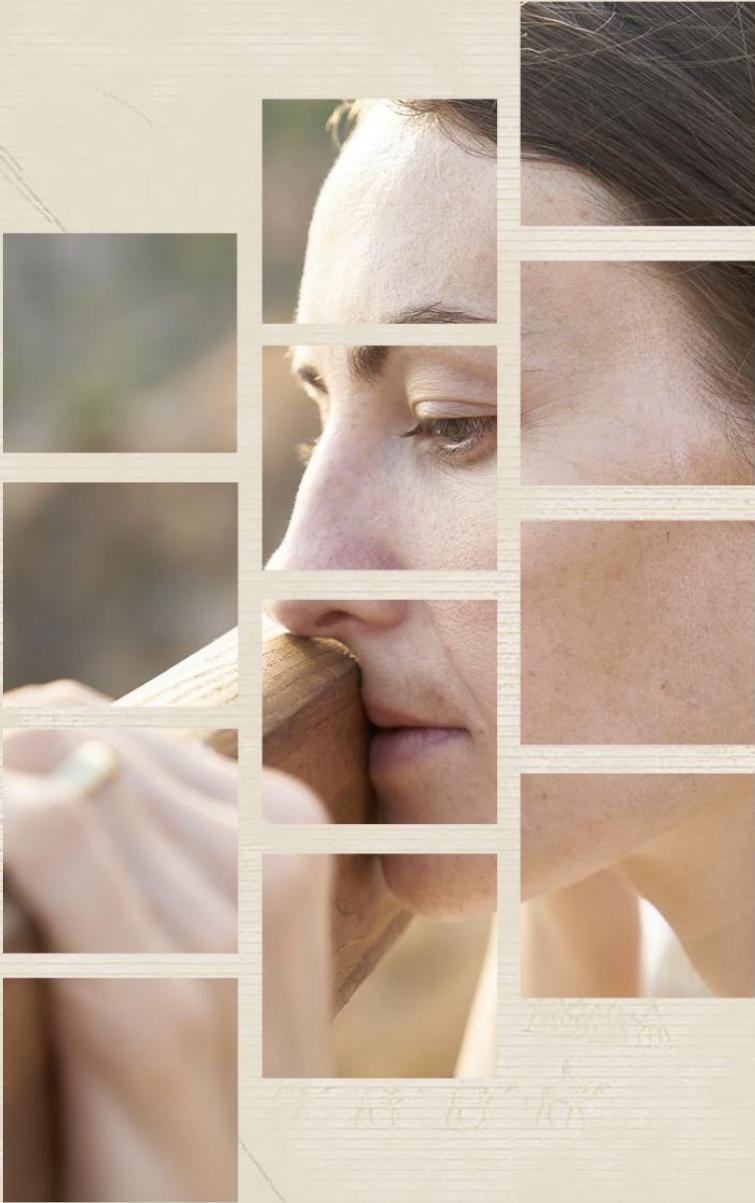
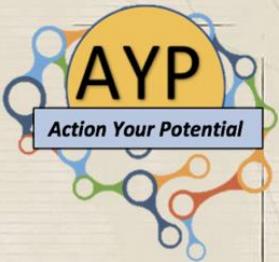


# 12 Rocks Of Well-Being – Weekly Check

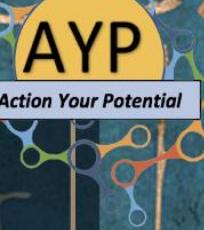
- Rock 1 – Sleep – 8-9 Hours a night
- Rock 2 – Exercise – 20 mins per day
- Rock 3 – Eat and Drink Healthily – complex carbs, protein, low sugar
- Rock 4 – Mindfulness – be present without judgement 5-10 mins
- Rock 5 – Mind Wandering – allow your mind to social problem solve
- Rock 6 – Manage Emotions – notice, accept, share with trust
- Rock 7 – Walk Outside in Nature
- Rock 8 – Listen to Music – 20-30 minutes
- Rock 9 – Connect meaningfully with friends and family
- Rock 10 – Gratitude and Kindness- express both explicitly each day
- Rock 11 – Engage in activities important to your life's purpose
- Rock 12 – Learn, Play, Create, Read

mon	tues	wed	thurs	fri	sat	sun
total						

[www.actionyourpotential.org](http://www.actionyourpotential.org)



If it doesn't  
challenge you, it  
doesn't change you..



Be in no doubt you  
can do this...